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DENIES STATEMENT 221 DIE IN W. VA. MADE BY MR. POOLE

W. P. Ramsey, Williams Case Witness, Disclaims Alleged Proposal to Federal Bank. mine explosion.

JOHN E. LASKEY TESTIFIES

Walter P. Ramsey today denied becommittee that he had ever gone to engineer, the bureau of mines, against the Chicago Daily Tribune fore the Senate banking and currency see John Poole, president of the Fed- from Bluefield, W. Va., said was reached today when Attorney Eleral National Bank, to make him a more than 200 miners were liou G. Stevenson, representing the proposition that if the Federal bank killed in an explosion at the would deposit \$100,000 in the Chat-regarding the alleged libelous editorial, headed "Ford Is an Anarchist." ham-Phoenix National Bank, \$500.000 of Emergency Fleet Corporation funds would be deposited in the Federal

Mr. Ramsey testified that he is a solicitor and general agent, and that he has been connected with the Com-mercial National Bank as its repre-centatives. His testimeny was given in partments. His testimony was given in connection with the investigation which the committee is making in regard to the fitness of John Skelton Williams to hold office as controller

Says He Made No Proposition.

talked over with Mr. Poole the question of deposit of funds of the Emestion of deposit of funds of the Emestion of the Emestion of deposit of funds of the Emestion of Gen. Weaver on coast defense between tion of deposit of funds of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, but cectared he had made no proposition to him in regard to them, or that he, framsev, could in any way have controlled the deposit of Emergency Fleet Corporadeposit of Emergency Fleet Corporadescaped after firing several shots. The shots were fired at the provost for the reput of Gen. Weaver on coast defense before the military affairs committee of Congress in 1916. The purpose was to refute the statement made in Mr. Ford's anti-preparedness advertisement, quoting Gen. Weaver as saying that the goard defense system was he had made no proposition to him in regard to them, or that he, isamsey, could in any way have controlled the deposit of Emergency Fleet Corpora-

tion funds. Poole's testimony, in which he said that Mr. Ramsey had made a proposition to him with regard to the proposition to him with regard to the Phoenix bank was given the committee when Mr. Poole was making the point that Controller Williams had discriminated against the Federal National Bank in the matter of the deposit of Emergency Fleet Corporation funds.

Mr. Poole's Statement.

Mr. Poole testified that Mr. Ramsey 'called at the Federal National Bank to see me, unsolicited. The substance of his talk, briefly, was this, that the fleet corporation had large balances on hand and constantly increasing, which he wanted to keep in Washington, if possible. The aggregate was other banks or placed out of town. "The latter he was striving energetically to avoid. He said he wanted to help the Federal get part, and proposed that we open an account with the Chatham Phoenix National Eank of New York, urging a generous denosit with the positive assurance deposit, with the positive assurance that if we would place at least \$100,000 there we would receive in a few days not less than \$500,000 of fleet corporation funds."

Testimony by Attorney Laskey.

Before Mr. Ramsey went on the stand John E. Laskey, United States attorney for the District of Colum-bia, told the committee that John the bringing of criminal indictments for perjury against C. C. Glover, pres-ident of Riggs National Bank; Milton E. Alles, the vice president, and Wil-liam H. Flather, either directly or in-It has been charged that Mr. Williams, during the controversy between the Riggs Bank and the controller, urged that criminal indictbe made against these officers

Mr. Laskey said that he had been instrumental in bringing these indict-ments himself, after consultation with the Attorney General. Mr. Gregory.

Conference Held "Months Before."

On cross examination by Senator McLean, chairman of the committee, Mr. Laskey said that Mr. Williams, at a conference held "months before" indictments were brought. which he and the Attorney General were present, had told the Attorney General that he Mr Williams he leved the affidavit signed by the officials of the Riggs Bank and upon which the charge of perjury had been made, was intentionally false. He also admitted that there had some discussion as to the

priety of criminal proceedings at the that the controller had not recom-mended to him that indictments be

Mr. Laskey told the committee that following the presentation of the affoliowing the presentation of an affidavit filed in the Riggs Bank equity suit, filed by the if the President's recommendation bore counsel for Mr. Williams, dealing any relation to the long reported fricture. with alleged stock broking transaction between the Riggs Bank and Lewis Johnson & Co., Justice McCov of the District Supreme Cour had told him that the affidavit of the bank officials was a matter which should be submitted to the grand

Reports to Attorney General. Mr. Laskey said that he investigated

the matter of the affidavit and that he reported the result of the investithe affidavit was false. He told me to the reports of the matter proceed just as I would in any other case. The matter was later presented to the grand jury."

Questioned by Senator McLean.

"You knew at that time that the affidavit in question had been drawn by counsel for the Riggs Bank offi-cials, did you not?" asked Senator Mc-

Yes," replied the witness "But you thought that it was a will-ful falsification by the bank officials." House Agiculture Committee Reccontinued Senator McLean. The witness again answered, "Yes." Further questions brought out that the jury in the case had acquitted the bank officials.

Laskey discussed the alleged stock transactions between the bank and Lewis Johnson & Co., and declared that officials of the bank had made a profit of these transactions. Senator McLean questioned his au thority for this statement, and Mr that the record

Asked for Source of Information.

Senator Gronna of North Dakota senator Gronna of North Dakota asked Mr. Laskey where he got his information with regard to the affidavit filed for the bank officials, whether he had obtained it from the books of the bank or whether he had obtained it from reports made by national bank examiners from the conller's office Mr. Laskey said that had the report of the examiner, that the information was taken from the bank record. "It made little difference whether

you conferred with controller Wil-liams himself or not in this matter since you conferred with his assistsuggested Senator Gronna Mr. Laskey replied that he had seen the lank book of Lewis Johnson & Co. and checks made payable to the Riggs Bank checks made payable to the Riggs Bank

(Continued on Second Page.)

18.-Two hundred and twentyone men were killed today in a

Explosion at Tazewell Mine.

A long-distance telephone message received here this afternoon by D. J. Parker, safety heart of Henry Ford's libel suit

HUNS ATTEMPT TO KILL U. S. PROVOST MARSHAL

COBLENZ, July 18)by the Associated Press).-Two Germans attempt- morning he was temporarily excused last night to assassinate Maj. George Cockriel provost marshal of bune laywer, took the stand and Mr. Ramsey admitted that he bad the American forces in The Cormans. The Elliott G. Stevenson.

HONORS FOR WAR LEADERS ASKED

Rewards for Pershing, Benson, March and Sims Recommended by President.

fore it must either be distributed with REQUESTS TO CONGRESS

President Wilson today recommended that Congress give the permanent rank of general to Gen. Pershing, commander of the American expeditionary force, and to Gen. March, chief of staff, and the permanent rank of admiral to Admiral Benson, chief of the bureau of naval range. operations, and to Admiral Sims, who commanded the American naval Mr. Stevenson.

forces during the war.
These recommendations were contained in identical messages sent to the Senate and the House from the Skelton Williams did not influence White House early this afternoon. The communications read "To the Senate and House of Rep-

resentatives: I take the liberty of calling your attention to a matter which I am sure is at the heart of the whole country, and which I have had very much in mind throughout all those months when we were trying lished misstatements broadcast to arrange a peace that would be worthy of the spirit and achievements of the men who won the victory in the field and on the sea. After mature reflection I earnestly recommend that you give the permanent rank of general to John J. Pershing and Peyton C. March, expressing the law in such a way as to give prece-dence to Gen. Pershing, and that you give the permanent rank of admiral to William S. Benson and William S. Sims. I take it for granted that I am cnly anticipating your own thoughts in proposing the honor for the men upon whom the principal responsibility devolved for achieving the great result which our incomparable Navy and Army accomplished

"WOODROW WILSON," The rank of general, which Pershing and March now hold, exists only in the emergency Army rapidly being While in supreme comonference. Mr. Laskey said, however, mand of the American fleet in the war zone Rear Admiral Sims had the rank of a full admiral, but recently went back to a lower grade. Admiral Ben-Mr. Laskey told the committee that son is to retire soon, after taking the

> between Pershing and March. xiously have been waiting to see what article under it." permanent rank would be given them. There is no official recognition of friction between the two generals, but

As talk in Army circles has it. Gen. is there, Mr. Ford?" Pershing felt that many of his recom-mendations from France ran a tortuous course after reaching the chief of staff, and the chief of staff had some Ford. gation to the Attorney General.

"The Attorney General, said Mr. during the war, as to whether the commanding general of the Army or the manding general of the credit for its feeling on remaining in Washington during the war, as to whether the com- headlines," put in Mr. Ford. a criminal action in the matter was for us to decide. I told him that after investigation I was convinced that the affidavit was the affid

MAJORITY FOR REPEAL OF DAYLIGHT SAVING

ommends Rider on Apprepriation Bill.

Over objection of democratic memhers, the House agriculture committee today voted to recommend passage of the remodeled agriculture appro- ness, priation bill with the rider repealing the daylight saving law. Democrats said the rider would again cause the President to veto the bill, and delay unds needed by the Agriculture De partment.

Later the rules committee, on a strictly partisan division, voted to re-port a rule making the rider in order and allotting one hour's debate to it.

TROOPS ENTER MEXICO 12 TIMES IN 6 MONTHS

American troops have crossed the Mexican border twelve times within the last six months to repulse Mexthe Senate was informed today Mr Ramsey, in his testimony before Senator Fall, republican, of New Mex-

FORD SAYS HE READ MINE EXPLOSION ONLY THE HEADLINE

BLUEFIELD, W. Va., July Defense for First Time Asks Him as to Editorial "Ford Is Anarchist."

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 18. "SELDOM READS ARTICLE"

published in the Tribune June 23, 1916. Court was in session nearly two hours before Mr. Ford was recalled. the time being consumed in the read-ing of portions of the transcript of the examination of Gen. Erasmus Weaver before the military affairs committee of Congress in 1916, and with other natter collaveral to the case.

Quote Gen. Weaver.

When Mr. Ford took the stand this ed, and Weymouth Kirkland, Triing that the coast defense system was

adequate.

The Tribune lawyer by following Gen. Weaver's testimony further than the advertisement did, showed that Gen. Weaver said that the coast guns were models of 1890 and would be unable to return the fire of modern navy eums.

unable to return the fire of modern navy guns.

Readin'r from the Weaver testimany occupied an hour and a half, and Mr. Ford gained further respite by arguments over the admissibility of a deposition by John Reed, the magazine writer in New York. An article by Reed referring to Mr. Ford as an industrial "miracle maker" was read to the jury yesterday.

Judge Tucker invited the arguments on admissibility. He reserved decision, and Mr. Ford resumed his testimony under interrogation by Attormony under interrogation by Attorney Stevenson.

Alleges Discrepancies.

"You heard what Gen. Weaver said. Mr. Delavigne made an important de-parture from that, didn't he, in writ-ing your advertisement?"
"I am not a competent judge," an-swered the witness.
Attorney Alfred G. Murphy, for the plaintiff, objected and quoted Gen. Weaver as stating that old guns were being remounted to have a longer "Do you know how long it takes mount a gun," Mr. Ford?" asked

"Depends on who does the mount-

"I employed Theodore Delavigne and told him to get the facts and to stick to the facts. If he omitted things I am responsible." Then you want this jury and the world to understand that you pubdidn't know what was in it—whether true or false?"

I told him to get the facts. you charging Mr. Delavigne with dishonesty

Defines Mobile Army. You heard what was said about a

mobile force being necessary to procoast defenses from attack in

"What do you understand by a "An army mobilized," said the manufacturer, picking at the crease Counsel for Mr. Ford objected, as \$1 an hour. "It is an army, large or small, which can move quickly," explained Mr.

Stevenson.

Cannot Agree on Third don't know much about militarism," added the witness.

Refers to Editorial.

The Tribune next, for the first time, came directly to the heart of the suit—the Tribune editorial of June 23, 1916, which was headed "Ford Is an Anarchist."
"What is a headline?" asked Mr.

"It shows what is in the body of an overturns government. Mr. Stevenson Army circles on the inside fairly teem then read the text of the editorial.

"Nothing there about bomb-throwing," but the headline-"

"But you said that a headline shows what is in the body of the article, Mr I hardly ever read anything but the

Quizzed as to Idealist.

Judge Tucker took up a law book and Mr. Stevenson went on "You will hardly deny the charge that you are an ignorant idealist, Mr. Ford? You said so twice yesterday." "Well, Mr. Stevenson, you can get me to say black is white," smiled the wit-Mr. Ford finally stated that the record would show what he said about being an ignorant idealist. Attorney Steven-son then called his attention to his previous testimony in which he admitted ignorance of most things about the Army and Navy.

Constant Repetition.

Mr. Ford's fourth day on the wit- strikebreakers on transatlantic and ness stand yesterday was much like coastwise vessels. One of the mem Wednesday in subject matter and in the prolonged multiplying of quesions to obtain answers. This was made

A specimen of the examination typical of the whole was contained in Mr. Stevenson's questions concerning the comment of Mr. Ford that Henry A. Wise Wood of New York, an active preparedness advocate, was, because of this advocacy, a slave of the "interests." Yesterday Mr. Ford said that as war.

Questioned as to President.



WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, JULY 18, 1919.—TWENTY PAGES.

ONE YEAR AFTER.

IN CHICAGO STRIKES

Building at Standstill—125 Million in Construction

Is Affected.

saving stamps, \$125 in thrift stamps today, and more than 100,000 workmen are idle as a result of a lockout ordered by the executive committee of the Building Construction Employers' Association of Chicago.

Association of Chicago.

Yesterday the organization which includes in its membership every building contractor in the city, issued an ultimatum declaring that unless the members of the carpenters, iron workers and other unions who have been on a strike for several two follows after German mission here, building contractor in the city, issued an ultimatum declaring that unless who have been on a strike for several two follows after German interests in the post office at 6 o'clock this morning and agreed to abatement of the opposition to the treaty. It was in line with what has been expected for several days as a result of efforts of republicans and democrats to bring about an agreement on the treaty.

No Action Yet, Says von Lersner.

PARIS, July 18—Baron Kurt von Lersner, in discussing today the announcement made at Versailles that the had been appointed to take charge of German diplomatic interests in for the post office and the federal authorities.

Senator Borah Suggests

Popular Vote on League, But Would Not Be Changed by It and with the question of a suggestion that the question of the providence, the head of the German mission here, the head of the German mission here, was in line with what has been expected for several days as a result of efforts of republicans and democrats to bring about an agreement on the treaty.

Senator Borah Suggests

Wants Only Good Relati this morning and agreed to ablde by the provision of their joint trade wage contracts, which run until 1921, the builders would indefinitely suspend all operations.

Workers Ignore Threat.

The strikers ignored the threat and refused to return to work as requested, and early in the day the executive committee of the building employers sent a letter by special messenger to every contractor with instructions immediately to stop work of every char-

Approximately \$50,000,000 in construction work came to a standstill. Other operations about to be started at an estimated cost of \$75,000,000 will be deferred.

The decision to declare a lockout came as a climax to a series of strikes and was precipitated by the walk-out of carpenters, who are charged by the employers with violating their agreement and refusing to negotiat a compromise. They now receive 8 ents an hour, but are holding out for

Member of Arbitration

BOSTON, July 18 .- With the electric lines of this city-street, elevated and subway-still stopped today by the strike of carmen, negotiations looking to a new arbitration medium developed no indications of early agreement. The public trustees Boston Elevated railway leaders of the employes' union con ferred with Gov. Coolidge, but Mr. Ford yesterday testified that an though they agreed on the representa-anarchist is a bomb thrower, or one who tive of each side they could not settle on the third member of the proposed new arbitration board. leaders and the trustees then wen into separate sessions, preparatory discussion. The 8,000 employes struck because

the war labor board, which received their demands for an eight-hour day and 73½ cents an hour, had not an nounced an award after three weeks consideration. Transportation facilities were im proved today by increased steam train service and the establishment scores of new "bus" lines.

Employment Office; Rout Would-Be Strikebreakers

NEW YORK, July 18 .- A crowd of striking seamen, seventy-five strong off Brothers on the Bowery this morn ing and put to rout 250 men who had bers of the firm was attacked, but was not seriously injured. No arrests were

true, even, of answers which he returned Wednesday, but which, apparently, he had forgotten overnight. He repeated such words as "preparedness", "overpreparedness" and "militarism," in such apparent disassociation with the questions that Attorney Elliot G. Stevenson, convert for the strike, which has disrupted commerce out of this port. Both the strikers and the private steamship owners declared it was up to the United States Notwithstanding optimistic ments made yesterday by union leaders, there was no sign today of a break in the strike, which has disrupted com-Elliot G. Stevenson, counsel for the Shipping Board to bring about a settle-Tribune, occupied pages of transcript ment. Union leaders said the shipribune, occupied pages of transcript ment. Union leaders said the ship trying to straighten the testimony ping losses at this port now aggregated \$5,000,000 a day, with \$3,000,000 Catholics, will give aid to the

more along the seaboard.

A few private owners are reported to have yielded to the strikers' demands, but their submission is considered almost immaterial in view of the m the fact that at this port about four hundred vessels remain idle and at because of this advocacy, a slave of the "interests." Yesterday Mr. Ford said that as war was murder, those who prepared for war were murderers, and that he himself was a party to murder in 1917. Mr. Stevenson was seeking to show that by this standard Mr. Ford's comments applied to President Wilson.

Huns Retain Capital Punishment.

WEIMAR, July 17 (by the Associated Press).—The national assembly to-crews to man six shops necessary to transport cattle for the French government resulted in only eighter, man price and at Boston, Philadelphia, New Orleans and the said that as war was murder, those who prepared for war were murderers, and that he himself was a party to murder in 1917. Mr. Stevenson was seeking to show that by this standard Mr. Ford's comments applied to President Wilson. signing for the trip

BLOW SILVER SPRING P. O. SAFE; GET \$850

Burglars Believed to Have Used Tools and Nitroglycerin Stolen From B. & O.

Thieves broke into the post office at Silver Spring, Md., last night and blew open the safe and got away with \$850

an explosion about 2 o'clock this

WILL YIELD EX-KAISER

Former Emperor Reported Critically Ill-Ex-Kaiserin May Go Back.

PARIS. July 18 (Havas).-The Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung of Berlin, the mouthpiece of the government under the imperial regime, declares it has information that Holland will consent to the extradition Board in Boston Strike of former Emperor William, according to a Berlin dispatch to Pari newspapers.
The formal handing over of the former emperor to the allies, it adds will take place at The Hague.

EX-KAISER'S ILLNESS CONSIDERED CRITICAL

BERLIN, July 18 (by the Associated Press). - The Pan-German Deutsche Zeitung, which stands close to former royal circles, takes a serious view of the illness of former Emperor William, calling it "deep melancholy." It is said that the one time monarch is so depressed that his physician views his condition as critical.

Count Hohenzollern is said to rarely leave his apartment and seldom sees his closest friends. The paper says that he spends many hours in prayer and that when he does talk he wants to converse on religious subjects. The former emperor is said to show a "high degree of nervousness. The condition of the former emsuch, according to the newspaper, that she may have to return to Germany for treatment of her heart trouble.

END HATRED, POPE'S PLEA. Joyously Addresses Bishops of Ger-

many on Blockade Lifting.

ROME, July 18 (Havas).-Pope Benedict has addressed to the bishops of Germany a letter expressing joy or Germany a letter expressing joy was dated Salina, Kan., and was signed over the removal of the blockade. The letter recommends that an attitude of recommended that nothing be sent "so Christian charity be taken toward the question of reparation for war dam-The Pope expressed confidence that

the civilized nations, and especially lations brought to a state of extreme He recommended in conclusion that all thoughts of hatred against former enemies be eliminated the minds of German Catholics.

A series of articles by Newbold aside from the fact that it was one of Q.—Mr. Wood and the President wanted the same result, and you said (Continued on Second Page.)

A series of articles by Newbold aside from the fact that it was one of the bones of contention of the peace Justice McReynolds of the United States Supreme Court thinks it can, and will tell how in the Editorial Star. News and feature photographs of Fiume, Gem of the Quarnero" in and will tell how in the Editorial Star. News and feature photographs of German public establishments.

What do you know about Fiume aside from the fact that it was one of the United Can America be made better? Mr. Noyes to be published in The Star.

The BEST pictures FIRST in the BEST pictures FIRST in the beginning next Sunday between the Japanese and Chinese Star. News and feature photographs of Fiume, Gem of the Quarnero" in and will tell how in the Editorial Section of next Sunday's Star.

The Star's Sunday Magazine.

"Arrangements to be made before Can America be made better? Mr. Noyes to be published in The Star. Start Sunday Star.

The BEST pictures FIRST in the Rotogravure Section of The Sunday Star. News and feature photographs of Fiume, Gem of the United Start Sunday Magazine.

Section of next Sunday's Star.

What do you know about Fiume

VON LERSNER HEADS MISSION TO FRANCE

First Step by Germans in Resuming Relations With Former Opponents.

safe is also suspected, as Postmaster of German diplomatic interests in

Appointment of Baron von Lersner as diplomatic representative in France obtaining such a vote. is the first step by Germany in the "The President," sa resumption of such relations with her

Refuses Italy's Request.

The interallied council today refused Italy's request that Austrian concessions at Tientsin, China, be transferred to her.

The council discussed the question of what forces Greece should contribute for the occupation of Smyrna.

The final clauses of the peace treaty document will be delivered shortly.

May Intervene in Hungary. PARIS, July 18 (Havas) .- The prinseems the only means to end a situadangerous for Rumania and

I. W. W. SHOWN TO BE **ENEMIES OF AMERICA**

NEW YORK, July 18 .- Open adocacy of "the red terror." the destruction of the American government and the forcible seizure of power by the workers was contained in magazines printed in Russian and Finnish by the I. W. W., which were offered in testimony at today's session of a joint legislative committee which is investigating radical and seditions. is investigating radical and seditious no steps to invite the President to Germans completely dominated that activities in this state. Some of the appear before it in connection with territory. Civil and legal as well as magazines were published in New York and others in Chicago.

ferocity of tigers." Among a number of letters which were read into the testimony, addressed to the I. W. W. headuarters here, was

one from a woman teacher in a private school asking for literature suitable for boys of high school age. The letter venomous as to antagonize at the out-The committee held an executive session this afternoon and adjourned to reconvene here next Thursday.

Insanity Plea Frees Slayer. BAY MINETTE, Ala., July 18.-Wal-

ter Bishop was declared "not guilty, by reason of insanity," by a jury here last night. He was charged with first-degree murder as a result of the shooting of Frank Foukal to death in jail here June 22. death in jail here June 22.

Bishop had made a plea of not guilty, by reason of insanity, and testified that "a divine revelation of God had ordered him to organize a mob and kill Frank Foukal." Bishop is a preacher.

LONDON, July 17.—It is understood that the Prince of Wales during his visit to the United States will go to Washington to make a call on President in the locality to be designated by the Japanese government. "Establishment, if desired by the for his tour of that country have not interpretional cattle.

MORE SENATORS

Mr. Kenyon to Ask About U. S. Power to Quit League.

IMPORTANT, HE ASSERTS

President Wilson continued his conferences with republican senators today, discussing the peace treaty and the league of nations covenant at length with Senators Kenyon of Iowa and Kellogg of Minnesota. Later he had engagements with Senators Cap- Charge d'Affaires of Washington per of Kansas and McNary of Oregon. Neither Senator Kenyon nor Sena-tor Kellogg would discuss their con-versations with the President, but as 1- went to the White House Sena-tor Kenyon said he intended to ask about the statement of Senator Swanson, democrat of Virginia, in the Senate recently that the United Senate recently that the United States could withdraw from the league whenever it leared, adding that this was a very important point which would clarify the situation

To Ask About Swanson Statement. within one year to comply with the Senator Swanson's recent speech on

the league.
"If it is true, as Senator Swanson declared," said Senator Kenyon, "that the United States can get out of the league whenever it wants to, it is a very important point and will clarify the situation. I have my doubts whether Senator Swanson was accurate. I have here a copy of the speech and I intend to ask the President whether the senator from Virginia was correct." ginia was correct."

Committee Reading Treaty.

While the President was conferring

Against Textual Changes. Intimations came from senators to-day that President Wilson is willing to accept "interpretations" of some long period connected with the to accept "interpretations" of some long period connected with the clauses of the covenant of the league of nations, to meet objections raised eign office and served in high official by senators against those sections reported on the part of the exceutive was said to be qualified by insistence that there should be no textual changes in the covenant.

Gratification was expressed in all the properties against the covenant. By the Associated Press.

CHICAGO, July 18.—Building operations in Chicago are at a standstill saving stamps, \$125 in thrift stamps

By the Associated Press.

VERSAILLES, July 17.—Announcement was made here semi-officially

which would lead to the president toward compro-

safe is also suspected, as Postmaster of German diplomatic interests in Barnes found evidences of the use of sop on the safe door. J. M. Rodner, living half a block from the post office, reported today that he heard office reported today that he heard office relations were resumed he would be named for the post in yesterday afternoon by Senator Borah States and Japan, who are in best of Idaho, one of the strongest op-ponents of the league. He called upon desires co-operation with the United the league supporters to join him in obtaining such a vote.

"The President." said Mr. Borah.
"has been sending for senators and "has been sending for senators and "That Janah has made some mistakes"

That Janah has made some mistakes

man embassy in Washington. He has been attached to the German peace delegation since its arrival in Variables. It is a policy I indorse; I only regret that he began it so late in his administration. republican government to settle so great a question behind closed doors either at the White House or anywhere else.

Would "Send for the People." "What I would do is send for the

people, and the way to do that is to have a popular vote."

Senator Thomas, democrat, Colorado, asked whether the result of any such a vote, if favorable to the league, to be presented the Austrian dele-gates are nearing completion and the

Borah, "it would not. But, there is such a thing as a senator retiring. Neither will these resolutions and pecipal topic of discussion before the allied supreme council yesterday, the Journal says, was allied intervention in Hungary. "where military action est effect on my course." that are coming to us, have the slightest effect on my course."

News censorship and propaganda, Senator Borah asserted, are being used to deceive the masses both of Europe and America regarding actual

LODGE EXPLAINS WHY PRESIDENT NOT CALLED

No Committee Has Right to Summon Chief Executive Is Old Precedent.

Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, re-

the peace treaty. He said, in part: Extracts from the magazines, which were read by translators, included right or ought to have any right to Chinese ever were trampled upon. ch sentences as:
"The bourgeosie can be paralyzed ly by the red terror."
summon the President of the United States before them, and no suggestion has been made that they should do only by the red terror."

"Burn the codes of law; take all the riches; death to the bourgeosie."

"One of the most effective weapons is sabotage; let us attack with the fernelly of tigers."

"As against this condition here is what Japan intends to do—all that committee of the Senate because the Senate was an independent and coordinate branch and the dealings of ordinate branch and the dealings of the senate was an independent and coordinate branch and the dealings of the senate was an independent and coordinate branch and the dealings of the senate was an independent and coordinate branch and the dealings of the senate was an independent and coordinate branch and the dealings of the senate branch and the sena

> from, and it has always seemed to me the absolutely correct ground.
>
> "The President, of course, has not asked to appear before the computee, who, it is needless to say, would tee, who, it is needless to say, who is needless to say, which part receive him with the utmost respect, but I feel sure the President approves the unbroken rule as to the relations between the President and the Senate formulatd by Mr. Madison. "The committee on foreign relations, of course, would be only too glad to receive any communication the President might see fit to make to them. China, said:
>
> "In the name of the imperial government I have the honor to make the following declaration to your ex-

They have already asked him in the recognized manner for certain papers which they desire, and those will no Wales to Call on the President.

been completed.

CHINA RESTORATION VISIT PRESIDENT WITHIN 6 MONTHS HOPE OF JAPANESE

TWO CENTS.

Shantung Settlement Certainly Not Later Than Year. Says Katsuji Debuchi.

NIPPON SEEKS TO WORK WITH U. S. IN FAR EAST

Embassy Discusses Position and Desires of His Country

in Shantung.

BY OLIVER OWEN KUHN. That Japan, if not within a period

The senator had with him a copy of treaty provision with China and restore Kiaochow and all heretofore German-controlled territory in Shantung to China, is the opinion of Katsuji Debuchi, charge d'affaires of the Japanese embassy in Washington. In elaboration of Japan's position in Shantung Mr. Debuchi, who has been carrying the burden of embassy affairs since the departure of Ambassador Ishii, made it clear that he has no desire to enter denials of charges made by the Chinese for the mere sake of waging propaganda in the interests of Japan, because some of his best friends are Chinese statesmen of note. Neither did he wish to be placed in position of replying di-rectly to the charges which have been with the senators the foreign relations committee continued its sessions for the reading of the treaty made by certain members of the Senate in regard to far eastern affairs. He simply desired to make the truth of the Shantung situation known to of the Shantung situation known to the American people, for, with the truth known, much of the criticism

That Japan has made some mistakes in negotiations which have gone on between Japan and China in the past is admitted by Mr. Debuchi, just as it has been admitted by Baron Makino and others of the Japanese peace delegation in Paris. Mr. Debuchi cites the

ment along democratic lines now are held by the government in power in Tokio. In this regard he said: Will Not Trample Ideals.

that the broadest and most liberal view

points of Japanese and world develop-

"It is absurd to believe that Japan is an autocratic and militaristic cou. try which will ruthlessly trample down the ideals now set for world civilization. Liberal and progressive Borah.

"If I should stay in the Senate under those circumstances," replied Mr.

Rorah "it would not But there is who formerly was a diplomat and chief editor of an influential newsernment, by treaty with China and by declarations subsequent to its signing in 1915, will return the things we have promised. And remember

we have promised. And remember always—there has been much confusion in the American mind—the real issues center about Kiachow, and when we speak of the Kiachow we do not speak of Shantung.

"Kiachow has an area of but 298 square miles and a population of some 50 000. Shantung province which some 50,000. Shautung province, which is about the size of the state of Illino's has 55,984 square miles and a population of 30,000,000.

"Kiaochow, with Tsingtan, during the period of German occupation was fortified by the Germans, and public jurisdictional rights were kept strictly in German hands. The rights

Only Wants an Outlet.

ordinate branch and the dealings of the President with the Senate must be with the Senate as a whole, so far as I know has flever been departed from, and it has always seemed to me the absolutely correct ground.

"Japan wants the railways of Shandard the Products which will be developed by joint international interests may find free outlet the products which will be developed by joint international interests may find free outlet the products which will be developed by joint international interests may find free outlet the products which will be developed by joint international interests may find free outlet the products which will be developed by joint international interests may find free outlet the products which will be developed by joint international interests may find free outlet the products which will be developed by joint international interests may find free outlet the products which will be developed by joint international interests may find free outlet the products which will be developed by joint international interests may find free outlet the products which will be developed by joint international interests may find free outlet the products which will be developed by joint international interests may find free outlet the products which will be developed by joint international interests may find free outlet the products which will be developed by joint international interests may find free outlet the products which will be developed by joint international interests may find free outlet the products which will be developed by joint international interests may find free outlet the products which will be developed by joint international interests may find free outlet the products which will be developed by joint international interests and the products which will be developed by joint international interests and the products which will be developed by joint international interests and the products which will be developed by joint international interests and the products which will be developed by joi

Japanese minister to China, Eki Hioki, in a letter transmitted to Lu Cheng-hisiang, the then minister of foreign affairs of the republic of

"If upon the conclusion of the preswhich they desire, and those will no ent war the Japanese government doubt be received as soon as practicashould be given absolutely free disposal of the leased territory of Kiaoches bay they will return the said leased territory to China subject to the following conditions:

cellency's government

God had ordered him to organize a washington to make a call on Presimated by the Japanese government.

Washington to make a call on Presimated by the Japanese government.

Washington to make a call on Presimated by the Japanese government.

"Establishment, if desired by the Japanese government of that country have not been completed." i ment. "'Arrangements to be made before

the return of said territory is effected